## BRITISH COLUMBIA—concluded.

Kamloops.—*Riverside Park*—Boulder to mark the site of Fort Kamloops and in memory of the pioneer fur traders, who, by establishing themselves in that locality, aided in securing the country for Great Britain.

Kootenay National Park.—Banff-Windermere Highway—Cairn in recognition of the public services of Sir George Simpson, Governor of the Hudson's Bay Company's territories, 1821-60.

Langley.—Mavis St.—Cairn to mark the site of Fort Langley, the first trading post on the Pacific coast, built by the Hudson's Bay Company in 1827. The only remaining building has been acquired for preservation.

Nanaimo.—Dallas Square—Monument to mark the site of the first commercial coal mine in British Columbia, discovered in 1852.

New Westminster.—*Penitentiary Grounds*—Cairn to commemorate the early historic events associated with that city, which was the first capital of the Colony of British Columbia, 1859-68.

**Prince George.**—Near Railway Station—Cairn to commemorate the services of Sir Alexander Mackenzie, the first white man to cross the Rocky mountains and reach the Pacific coast.

Quesnel.—Park on Front St.—Cairn to commemorate the events connected with Collins' Overland Telegraph, and the plan to connect America and Asia by telegraph and cable across Bering strait, 1865-66.

Vancouver.—Stanley Park—Cairn to mark the place where the S.S. Beaver, the pioneer steamship on the Pacific ocean, was wrecked, July 26, 1888. Marine Drive—Monument to mark the place where Simon Fraser of the North West Company ended his dangerous exploration of the Fraser river from Fort George in July, 1808. Near University of British Columbia—Cut-stone monument to commemorate the first friendly meeting of the British and Spaniards in Pacific waters, June 22, 1792. Marpole Park—Cairn to mark the site of one of the largest prehistoric middens on the Pacific coast of Canada. Bone and stone implements and utensils found in it have thrown much light upon the culture status of prehistoric man in that vicinity.

Victoria.—Gonzales Hill, Summit of a Rocky Point Adjacent to Denison Road— Cairn to commemorate the exploration of the straits of San Juan de Fuca by the furtrading companies and the British and Spanish Navies, 1787-92.

Yale.—Near C.P.R. Station—Boulder to mark the site of Fort Yale, one terminal of the Cariboo Wagon Road built in 1862-65, which extended northward four hundred miles to the gold mines of Cariboo.

## YUKON TERRITORY.

Dawson City.—Administration Building—Tablet to the memory of the prospectors and miners who crossed the Chilkat and Chilkoot passes and paved the way for the discovery, in 1896, of the rich gold fields of the Yukon.